

ST RECEIVED,
And for Sale by
MUEL BISHOP,
(Price 25 Cents.)
& HIS STATUE,
A SATIRICAL POEM,
By Peter Pindar.

EL WILLIS,
FRESH SUPPLY OF
and CHEESE,

er, by the barrel, of the first

anges,
by the box,
the Island Potatoes,
by the barrel, together with
general assortment of
ERIES and NUTS.

ERTISEMENT.

DAY the twenty first day of
at, if not the next fair day,
posed to sale on the premises
of Alexandria, the following

LAND,

property of John Fitzgerald,
sold pursuant to the directions
for the payment of his debts,

cel of Land lying up.

union free. & to the northward
fronting seventy eight feet up
and extending about two hun-
dred feet, having an all of ten
the whole depth, upon it is
warehouse; the ground is sub-
divided into 91.175.60. It will be
divided to accommodate pur-
chase of a brewery, with all the im-
provements necessary for carrying on
a large scale, and a parcel of
ground to it, fronting about forty
feet. The whole of the brew-
ery is now under a demise, at a rent
of \$1.175.00 per annum. A piece of
ground lying on the brewery, and
extending about fifty feet on a twenty
feet wide, and a piece of ground
lying on the brewery, and extending
about fifty feet on a twenty feet
wide, and a piece of ground lying
on the brewery, and extending about
fifty feet on a twenty feet wide.

THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

March 9.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue
Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

French Brandy in pipes,

Gin in pipes and bls.

Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.

Sugar in hds, tierces and bls.

Coffee in tierces and bags,

Chocolate

White and brown Soap } in boxes,

Mould and dip'd Candles }

Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,

Figs in kegs and frails,

Queens Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,

Kerseys, Duffels,

Plains and Kerseys,

Negro Cottons, Serges,

Elasticks, blue Friezes,

Calimancoes and Ruffs,

Yarn Stockings,

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silecia do.

Platillas,

Onaburgs and Ticklenburgs,

Mullins and Mullin Hand's,

Alexandria

AND COMMERCIAL



Advertiser

INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. III.]

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1803.

No. 694.

Sales by Auction.

On SATURDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue
Store, the corner of King and Union
Streets,

Rum in hds. and barrels,

Whiskey in barrels,

Apple Brandy in barrels,

Gin in casks,

Wine in pipes and quatter casks,

Molasses in hds.

Sugar in hds. and barrels,

White and brown Soap in boxes,

Coffee in casks and bags,

Raisins in kegs and boxes,

Queens Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,

Calimancoes,

Kerseys,

Coatings,

Halfstiches,

Teanaught,

Blankets,

Planes,

Negro Cottons,

Worked and other

Stockings,

THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

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At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue
Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

French Brandy in pipes,

Gin in pipes and bls.

Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.

Sugar in hds, tierces and bls.

Coffee in tierces and bags,

Chocolate

White and brown Soap } in boxes,

Mould and dip'd Candles }

Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,

Figs in kegs and frails,

Queens Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,

Kerseys, Duffels,

Plains and Kerseys,

Negro Cottons, Serges,

Elasticks, blue Friezes,

Calimancoes and Ruffs,

Yarn Stockings,

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silecia do.

Platillas,

Onaburgs and Ticklenburgs,

Mullins and Mullin Hand's,

India Mullins and Table Cloths

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Silk Stockings,

Coloured Threads, Hats,

Plated Candlesticks,

And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

March 8.

SALE POSTPONED.

THE Sale of the LAND con-

veyed to me, as Trustee for Colin Auld,

by John D. Orr, hitherto advertised to

take place at the Coffee House in Alexan-

dria, on the first of March next, is post-

poned by consent of the parties interested,

until Tuesday the 15th of that month,

when the property will be exposed to Sale

at the said Coffee-House for ready money

in terms of the Deed of Trust.

EDMUND J. LEE.

Feb. 28.

Just received and for Sale by

JOSEPH DYSON,

A QUANTITY OF

FRESH ORANGES,

By the hundred or smaller quantity.

Jan. 19.

Notice

Is hereby given, that an Elec-
tion for Fifteen DIRECTORS for the
Marine Insurance Company of Norfolk,
will be held at the Exchange Coffee House
on Wednesday the 16th day of March
next.

Thomas Newton,

Wm. Pennock,

R. E. Lee,

Moses Myers,

R. Blow,

Theo. Armistead,

Jno. Granberry.

Norfolk, February 18, Fz5 d15t

We have received by the sloop

Mary, from Portsmouth,

10 tons Bar Iron,

A few bales Russia Sheetings and Duck,

A few bls. of excellent Mackerell,

A few hds. N. E. Rum,

And a few bales low priced Mullins,

which will be sold cheap.

RICKETTS, NEWTON, & Co.

Feb. 23

CLOVER SEED,

Warranted of the last crop.

Just received and for Sale by the Sub-

scribers.

A few tierces of fresh CLOVER SEED.

RICKETTS, NEWTON, & Co.

Feb. 28.

A PROPOSAL

BY SAMUEL BISHOP

For publishing by Subscription,

LETTERS

ON THE

Elementary Principles

OF

EDUCATION.

By Elizabeth Hamilton,

Author of the "Memoirs of Modern Philo-

sophers," &c.

CONDITIONS.

I. The Work shall be comprised in two

Duodecimo volumes, of about 450 pages

each, & shall be printed in the best manner,

on fine Paper, and new Type.

II. The price will be one Dollar per vo-

lume in boards, payable on delivery.

*** A very considerable number of Co-

pies being already subscribed for, the work

shall be put to Press, and finished without

delay.

Subscription received by the Pub-

lishers

THOMAS SIMMS

Has just received and offers for Sale,

A few barrels of Rhode Island

Cyder,

Rhode Island Cheese,

Codfish and some barrels of excellent

APPLES.

Feb. 18.

Just received, and for Sale,

By Robert and John Gray,

[Price 25 Cents]

Negro Slavery Unjustifiable.

A SERMON.

By ALEX. M'LEOD, A. M. Pastor of the

reformed Congregation, in the City of

New-York.

Feb. 5.

Spangled Shoes.

S. CLARK has this day opened an

elephant assortment of Ladies Spang-

led, Kid and Morocco Shoes.

March 1.

Just Received,

250 sacks ground Allum Salt,

in bags of four bushels each, for sale by

WM. HODGSON.

Feb. 26.

William Hartthorne

Has just received and for sale,

One thousand bushels Lim-

ington Salt, five pipes old Lisbon Wine,

a few barrels Crab Cyder.

March 3.

PROPOSALS For Publishing by Subscription, MODERN GEOGRAPHY. A DESCRIPTION OF THE EMPIRES, KINGDOMS, STATES, AND COLONIES, WITH THE OCEANS, SEAS, AND ISLES, IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD; Including the most recent discoveries and political alterations, digested on a new plan.

BY JOHN PINKERTON.
THE ASTRONOMICAL INTRO-
DUCTION

BY THE REV. S. VINCE, A. M. F. R. S.
And plunian professor of astronomy, and
experimental philosophy, in the
University of Cambridge.

WITH NUMEROUS MAPS,
Drawn under the direction, and with the
latest improvements, of Arrowsmith,
and engraved by the best artists.

CONDITIONS.

The work will be comprised in two octavo
volumes, of about 800 pages each,
and a quarto Atlas, containing all the
Maps.

It will be printed on a fine paper and new
type.

The price to subscribers will be nine dol-
lars, neatly bound and lettered. Each
volume will be delivered as soon as fi-
nished, and no money required until
the delivery.

It will be put to press as soon as four hun-
dred subscribers are obtained.

Those gentlemen who may be desirous of
promoting the circulation of this impor-
tant work, may have one copy gratis,
by procuring and accounting for the
subscription of six.

In order to produce an immediate encou-
ragement to the undertaking, the sum
at which subscribers will receive their
books is considerably under that which
will be charged to non-subscribers.

Subscribers received by RO-
BERT and JOHN GRAY,
King-Street, where a specimen
of the work may be seen.

Alex. Feb. 28.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by

SAMUEL BISHOP,

(Price 25 Cents.)

PITT & HIS STATUE,

A SATIRICAL POEM.

By Peter Pindar.

Jan. 19.

ABEL WILLIS,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Rhode-Island CHEESE,

Apples,

Crab Cyder, by the barrel, of the first

quality,

Cranberries,

Sweet Oranges,

Lemons, by the box,

Best Rhode-Island Potatoes,

Mackerel, by the barrel, together with

a general assortment of

GROCERIES and NUTS.

Notice.

All persons having claims a-

gainst the estate of William Triplett, of

Round-Hill, deceased, are requested to

bring them forward for adjustment and

payment; and all those indebted to the

estate, are respectfully called upon to make

immediate payment to the Executors—it

being their anxious wish to close all the

accounts, and settle with the legatees as

soon as possible.

CHARLES LITTLE, } Ex'tors.

GEORGE TRIPLETT, }

March 1.

To Rent,

Possession given immediately,

A large Brick Warehouse ad-

joining R. Newton and Co. and a com-

fortable Dwelling House, on Prince Street.

For particulars enquire of

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

Jan. 18.

Public Vendue.

WILL POSITIVELY BE SOLD,

On TUESDAY, the 15th inst.

At Philip G. Marsteller's Vendue Store,
on a Credit of 60 and 90 days, for ne-
gotiable Notes, with approved endor-
sers, the following

GOODS, viz.

500 pieces long white Nankeens,
first quality, in lots,

500 do. short yellow Nankeens, 1st qua-
lity, in lots,

250 lb. red Turkey Cotton, 1st and 2d
quality,

25 caties of sewing Silk, 1st quality,

20 pieces Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

4 do. Silk Velvet of different colours,

7 do. superfine Cloth, do.

9 do. Cassimeres, do.

1 do. Welsh Flannels,

2 boxes mens' and boys' Castor Hats,

1 case of Sheetings, in lots,

1 cask of Sewing Twine,

1 bale of Bottle Corks,

10 boxes hollow Glass, consisting of De-
canters, quart and pint Tumblers,
Wine Glasses, &c.

5 boxes of Beads, handsomely assorted,

HISTORY

OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE LAST SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Another Session 'has come round,' under what is called the Republican Administration.—

This appellation of republicanism was adopted under professions of conforming to its spirit, and under the most liberal promises of exclusive and ardent attachment to the interest of the people, and of devotion to the honor and prosperity of the nation. The republicanism of the President begins to be pretty well understood. It consists in the ambition for office and power, and the desire of receiving twenty five thousand dollars per annum. The republicanism of several other leaders of the party, has been discovered to lie more in their professions and pockets than in their hearts. By ascertaining the principles of the individuals we become acquainted with those of the body politic; and we accordingly find them all directed to the same object, personal aggrandizement.

Let us take an impartial view of the proceedings of the last session, in order to test the actions of the ruling party with their professions, and the interest of the community.

The first object that strikes our attention is the delay in the attendance of the members. Formerly, when parties were pretty equalled balanced, and when of course, the measure ought to have attached to each, the most trifling delay was made the ground of clamor and complaint against the administration. At the last session, with a very large majority in their favor, it was nine days before the two houses were formed and ready to proceed to business. This is an excellent comment on their professions, and was a sure pledge of the promised reforms, which were so loudly called for, and so solemnly assured.

Another standing subject of complaint, at the beginning of every session under the former administration, was the tardiness in proceeding to business, by which delay, it was said, that the session was protracted to an unnecessary length, or the most important business postponed. Upon examination we find, that the first law which passed was on the 12th of January, and even this was on a private claim, although the session commenced the first Monday in December.

This is reform with a witness. What were these active, industrious, and patriotic members doing in the intermediate time? Why drawing fix dollars a day; and how could they be better employed?

Have they in the course of their legislative duties, reduced their own allowances, or the salaries of the officers of government, of the largeness of which they formerly complained? Or have the continue those in time of peace, which were only intended for the increased expenses arising from the war in Europe? The last has been the course pursued. Having taken a slight view of their reforms, let us examine those splendid professions of internal peace, harmony, and prosperity, of external strength and vigilance, which were poured in the most glowing colours, and promised with the most fervent attestations of sincerity.

On the 16th of December, the President sent his message to both houses of Congress. In this message not a word is said of one of the most important occurrences since the existence of the present government—the occupation of the port of New Orleans, or of the measures pursued in consequence thereof; although in a subsequent message, called for by the House of Representatives, it is stated, that the official intelligence of this event, had reached here on the 6th of December, ten days previous to the message, and that on the 8th, measures were taken to have the proceedings rectified. Notwithstanding the length of this intervening time, not a syllable escapes from the President respecting this business, although he was, at that very time, engaged in the exercise of his constitutional duty of collecting "information for Congress, on the state of the union." Was there any subject which more imperiously demanded the immediate attention, deliberation and advice of the legislature, than one which violated an express national compact, which insulted the dignity of the government, which might be the foundation of war, and which threatened with ruin half

a million of our fellow citizens? Yes, a measure on the part of Spain, contrary to existing amities, so pregnant with evil was not only passed over in the message, but was never communicated to Congress, until formally called for by the House of Representatives.

People may call this republicanism or what they will, but to us it appears, as one of the most direct and gross insults upon the Representatives of the nation, and one of the most palpable breaches of duty ever exhibited.

Whilst a large portion of the message is occupied with a vain, expensive and ridiculous scheme of a Dry Dock, a circumstance so important and interesting as the shutting the port of New Orleans, is entirely unnoticed.

In the President's message, we find the following sentence.

'The cession of the Spanish province of Louisiana to France which took place in the course of the last war, will if carried into effect, make a change in the aspect of our foreign relations, which will doubtless have just weight in any deliberations of the Legislature connected with that subject.'

Here then is the first communication to Congress of this highly important and interesting circumstance, although the cession was made 'in the course of the last war.' And even at this late period, when every mail for twelve months past has brought us intelligence of the preparations of the French to take possession, which event has only been delayed by the embarrassing and distressing situation of St. Domingo, it is only thought worthy of five or six lines in the message, unaccompanied with any documents or detailed information, and communicated in a language and manner, as doubtful whether it was of sufficient importance to attract legislative attention. Thus a transaction, which changed the possession of a country extending on our frontiers three thousand miles, from a nation whose weakness made it her interest to be pacific—to one fertile in resources, daring in her enterprises, persevering in her schemes, whose puny faith, whose restless disposition, whose unbounded ambition all Europe, has witnessed with terror, and under whose tyranny and oppression every neighbor groans; a measure thus fraught with danger, thus pregnant with evil, concluded on in a manner not only unfriendly but insulting to us, was either not enquired into, or if known, was withheld from the people and their representatives, for nearly two years, and when it was communicated, was done in such a cold and careless manner, as having excited little attention, and as being but of trifling importance. Strange and reprehensible as this conduct may appear in the Executive, that of the ruling party in the house of representatives was still more so. The federalists observing such a studied silence, and calm indifference, on the part of the administration, respecting the Cession of Louisiana, found it necessary to call the attention of the house to that subject.

On the 4th of January, Mr. Griswold gave notice of a motion which he intended to submit to the house, calling on the President for papers and information concerning the Cession of Louisiana to France, unless the President should deem such information improper to be communicated. Nothing could have been more delicate and respectful.

On the 6th, Mr. Griswold called up his resolution, and to his utter astonishment found it opposed, by the whole weight of democratic influence. This conduct was unaccountable, and baffled every attempt to discover the motives of reason or action. This naturally excited suspicions. The subject was of the highest importance, and called for the deliberation of the Legislature. The president had himself mentioned it, recommended that it should have 'just weight in their deliberations,' and seemed to court advice; and the resolution was expressly limited within the discretion of the Executive. Under these circumstances, would any reasonable man have anticipated a doubt as to the propriety of the call? How could the legislature take any measure to ward off the evils which might otherwise result from the Cession, or how could it have any weight in their deliberation, unless they were furnished by the executive with the necessary information concerning it? If there were negotiations on foot, which would render a disclosure improper, the President had but to inform Congress of it, and the case was provided for in the resolution itself. No possible

injury, but great good might result from the measure. Notwithstanding these plain simple facts, these cogent reasons, the resolution was rejected. People of America, these are the boasted guardians of your rights, these are the men, into whose hands you have committed your property, your persons, your reputations, and what is still dearer, the honor and independence of your country. From this time begins those farces of secret committees and closed doors, which have resulted in nothing. Conscious of the error and impolicy of their conduct, they endeavored to amuse the public mind, to enliven hope and keep up expectation, by shutting themselves in secret conclave. A mere trick of state, a subterfuge of party. Instead of that open, manly and decided conduct which should have ever distinguished a nation, jealous of its honor, conscious of its rectitude, and firm in the support of its rights, we behold our representatives shrinking from the public view as if afraid to meet the danger which they had neither the boldness to encounter, nor the manly independence to avow. Such is not the American character, as our history will prove; and nothing but the short sighted policy and miserable calculations of a party, could have thus disgraced our name & sacrificed our interest.

What object could these secret deliberations have in view? What end is answered by it? If it was intended to keep our proceedings from the knowledge of foreigners, this intention was frustrated by so early a disclosure. Besides, there is nothing in them of sufficient importance to excite a moment's attention of any foreign nation. What then was the object? To deceive the people of the United States—to hoodwink their constituents and western citizens—to draw off the public attention—and repress the murmurs which could not fail to break forth, at seeing the Congress of the United States amusing itself with straws and butterflies, when the whole energies of government should have been called into action. And will such conduct satisfy the people of the United States, for their violated rights and insulted dignity? Will our western brethren be content to have their interests thus sacrificed at the shrine of a party? Will they be satisfied to have their substance wasted, their property ruined and themselves and families reduced to beggary, merely to uphold a weak & tottering administration, trembling at its own shadow and starting at every rustling leaf? The people of that country are brave and enterprising—they cannot approve of such timid conduct, they can never tamely look on, and see their rights invaded, without an effort for redress. If they fail, they would at least prefer falling nobly.

It is worthy of remark, that those measures of preparation and defence, which have been adopted, weak, timid and ineffectual as they are, appear to have originated rather from a fear of blame or unpopularity, than from a wish to assert our rights. The Ministerialists were goaded into it, from the struggles of the federalists, to place the nation in a situation at once dignified and commanding. This plainly appears from a view of the proceedings of Congress.

The resolutions of Mr. Griswold, calling for information respecting the cession of Louisiana, & asserting our rights to the free navigation of the Mississippi, produced the offspring of Mr. Randolph, of which he was delivered with much pain after several days secret labor. An attempt was at first made to stifle the voice of the federalists by closing the doors; this proving ineffectual, a parade of secrecy and importance was made, to amuse the public mind. When the doors were opened and the democrats bantling was presented to public view, another attempt was made to screen it from the censure of criticism, by declaiming against the hostility of federalists. They were accused of enmity to the Executive, and want of zeal for our western brethren, because, they refused to express a confidence in the President, which they could not feel, an approbation of Executive with which they were wholly unacquainted. The voice of truth soon silenced the sophistry and exposed the misrepresentations of the party.

The bills authorizing the president to call out 80,000 Militia, and an appropriation for arsenals on the western waters, were boasted of as a democratic measures. The session was near its close before any measure of this kind were proposed. Mr. Rofs, unwillingly to leave the country,

during the recess, in this defenceless situation, brought forward his resolutions, which have already been published, and the debate on them commenced in this paper. Then it was and not till then, that the ministerialists, fearful of the effects which this manly and liberal conduct might produce on the people of the United States, and those to the westward in particular, and dreading the conviction which necessarily follows from the clear and unanswerable arguments of Mr. Rofs and other federal members, then it was, that their resolutions were introduced, as substitutes, still having in view merely to conciliate the public mind. If these measures were dictated by policy, why were they not introduced earlier in the Session? If the measures adopted, are deserving of praise, surely those proposed by Mr. Rofs are still more so, as they tended to put the country in a more complete state of preparation. There is every reason to believe, that no measures would have been adopted, had it not been for the resolutions of Mr. Rofs. The federalists have been accused of wanting proper confidence in the Executive. Calumny itself must now be silenced, when they offered to place the whole resources of the country in his hands to be used at his discretion.

Our limits will not permit us to pursue this interesting subject any further at present. We must likewise decline entering into several other topics at this time, being pressed with other important matters.

NEW YORK, March 5.

The ship Richmond, captain Ruid, for Hamburg (in which Mr. MORRIS, our Envoy Extraordinary to the French and Spanish governments, takes his passage for Havre) is cleared out, and will sail tomorrow.

Captain Brooks, of the brig Sally, informs us, that he failed from Havana in company with a French frigate, having 200 blood-hounds on board for Cape Francois; and that a prefect had arrived there from France, and had failed for New Orleans to take immediate possession.

BALTIMORE, March 6.

Arrived last night, Brigolly and Nancy, Brown, 28 days from Aux Cayes.—Sailed from Aux Cayes, 4th Feb. in company with brig Henry, Davis, of Baltimore, for Kingston, who had touched there to try the market. Left brig Plymouth, Bradshaw, of Salem, brig Belder, Fitch, of Baltimore, after 40 days passage; Schooners Peggy and Sakey, Wallace, of Philadelphia; Messenger, Burrows, do.; Foster, Chase, New York; Eliza, Springfield, Norfolk, vessel and cargo condemned for trading with the blacks.

February 4, Capt. Tiberoon, bearing N. by W. distant 3 leagues, spoke schooner Franklin, Butts, from Alexandria, bound to Kingston, out 5 weeks. 5th Cape Tiberoon bearing E. saw three large ships of war, bearing off to windward, supposed they were bound to Aux Cayes. March 1st, lat. 37, 7, long. 73, 1-2, spoke ship Matilda, from Philadelphia, to Antigua, out 2 days. 2d saw two Brigs and a schooner, 24 miles north of Cape Hatteras; one of the brigs hoisted signals at both her mast-heads, and the schooner her jib. Blowing hard, capt. B. could afford them no assistance—they appeared not to have been in that situation long.

No reinforcements had arrived there from France. The Blacks had grown very formidable, and were at one time in possession of Aucana, but a fortie was made against them and they were obliged to fly with loss. The prisoners were either hung or tied back to back and thrown into the sea. No business doing of any consequence. Flour dull at eight dollars.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 23.

LETTER TO THE EDITORS.
Camden, 16th February, 1805.
About ten days ago we had a high fresh in the river here, which was over most of our low grounds; it subsided till Friday last, at which time it began to rain, and has rained ever since until yesterday evening, when it set in to snowing and continued all night; the snow now lies eighteen inches deep all over our fields and commons, and is still snowing very fast. This is the greatest snow that has ever been seen here by the oldest inhabitants of this place. The river is also up again very high and rising, and indicates a sweeping fresh, which will doubt do great damage on Santee, unless the planters get notice in time to drive their cattle out &c.

Gash given for rags.

NORFOLK, The British frigate Las, anchored in Hampton day last from Bermuda. British Squadron under Andrew Mitchell. War was dismasted in her passage from Halifax to Antigua. The last shell, who had gone to restoration of her ho days before the Boston

Arrived the ship from Guadeloupe, late out 15 days.

Arrived the bark Wyvill, 30 days from Antigua. Arrived the French steamer Villeneuve, 25 days.

The sch'r Parke from this port bound to the 1st of February miles to windward; they escaped arrived at that island.

Alexandria

THURSDAY,

To the Ale

Six, After six days prof have at length made y say, that my ill con you no relief. I am medical phrases; nei my last communicati rather intended it to and your living frie of mustard—to crea nose, but, by no mea volution in the whole our accounts were f you may consider this receipt in full. But tion on you gratis— again suspect your op capitulate, be carefu suspicion escape you, find yourself mistaker

You need entertain ing hated by all the the event of your w six days reflection, will not produce that certain the consoling out of danger. The my last piece, you thi of that I have only to was such, that I did liberty to doubt it, but if your conscience tent. To conclude, sonally your enemy, meddled with you, ha the advocate of a m pular, unjust and ar fured that law, and I had reason to believ sage—this drew for replied, and if you from the contest the

D I

On Tuesday eveni MEASE, long a respo this town.

His character for established, as to confidence. To the ad scholar, a man of rea of observation, were lively imagination a tion. His wit was c his mind had been fu with an inexhaustab well as ornamental friendships were disti nent. He had a sy towards the unfortuna ent benevolence for word, he was an acc and filled a station now that he has l f i remain a void.

His remains will Presbyterian Church 4 o'clock.

Comm

Mr. Printer.— democratic malignity strongly exemplified, ing Epigram from th stor. As it may with some, whether t

NORFOLK, March 4.

The British frigate *Baton*, capt. Douglass, anchored in Hampton Roads on Tuesday last from Bermuda. Left there the day before yesterday under the command of Sir Andrew Mitchell. The *Lilly* sloop of war was dismasted in a gale of wind on her passage from Halifax, and has put in to Antigua. The lady of Sir A. Mitchell, who had gone to Bermuda for the restoration of her health, died a few days before the *Baton* sailed.

Arrived the ship *Mary*, capt. Bates, from Guadeloupe, last from St. Thomas's, on 15 days.

Arrived the barque *America*, capt. Wyvill, 30 days from Trinidad.

Arrived the French ship *L'Amitie*, captain Villeneuve, 25 days from Cape Francois.

The sch'r *Parke Farley*, capt. Brown, from this port bound to Antigua, foundered on the 1st of February, about seventy miles to windward of St. Bartholomew's; they escaped in the boat, and arrived at that island.

Alexandria Advertiser.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9.

To the *Alexandrian*.

Sir,

After six days profound reflection, you have at length made your appearance, and say, that my ill compounded bolus gave you no relief. I am not conversant in medical phrases; neither did I know that my last communication was a bolus. I rather intended it to act upon yourself, and your living friends, in the capacity of mustard—to create a tickling at the nose, but, by no means, to produce a revolution in the whole system. You wish our accounts were settled—agreed, and you may consider this communication as a receipt in full. But I must bestow a caution on you gratis—that is, when you again suspect your opponent of a desire to capitulate, be careful how you let that suspicion escape you, lest you should again find yourself mistaken.

You need entertain no fear, Sir, of being hated by all the dunces and fops, in the event of your writing good sense—if six days reflection, at your time of life, will not produce that effect, you may entertain the consoling hope that you are out of danger. The most serious part of my last piece, you think proper to deny—that I have only to say, my authority was such, that I did not feel myself at liberty to doubt it, neither do I now—but if your conscience is clear I am content. To conclude, Sir, I am not personally your enemy, nor should I have meddled with you, had you not stood forth the advocate of a most obnoxious, unpopular, unjust and arbitrary law. I censured that law, and those whose conduct I had reason to believe conducted to its passage—this drew forth your remarks—I replied, and if you have come off free from the contest the fault is not mine.

Q.

DIED.

On Tuesday evening last Mr. ROBERT MEASE, long a respectable merchant of this town.

His character for probity was so well established, as to command universal confidence. To the advantages of being a scholar, a man of reading, and a traveller of observation, were added those of a lively imagination and sprightly disposition. His wit was chaste and fluent, and his mind had been furnished in early life with an inexhaustible store of useful as well as ornamental information. His friendships were disinterested and permanent. He had a sympathetic sensibility towards the unfortunate, and a correspondent benevolence for their relief. In a word, he was an accomplished gentleman and filled a station in society, which, now that he has left it, will probably long remain a void.

His remains will be interred at the Presbyterian Church, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

Communication.

Mr. Printer.—The impotency of democratic malignity was never more strongly exemplified, than in the following Epigram from the *Alexandria Expositor*. As it may yet be apocryphal with some, whether the partizans of this

'sect' can be 'belittled,' I have to beg the favor of your printing it in your paper to show how *low* they can go.

Z

From the *Alexandria Expositor*.
By a Subscriber.

AN EPIGRAM.

The Macedon hero we're told,
Wept when the whole world he'd subdued;
The philosopher famous and old,
Wept the vices and follies he view'd.

John Adams more loudly still wept,
As homeward to Braintree he hied,
Of office and salary stripped,
Like an infant he blubber'd and cried.

On Monday the PRESIDENT of the United States left the City of Washington for Monticello.

List of APPOINTMENTS made by the PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Robert E. Cochran of South Carolina, marshal of that district, vice Charles B. Cochran resigned.

Joseph Wood of the North Western Territory, Register of the land office at Marietta, Vice Peregrine Foster resigned.

John Lelman, of the same Territory, to be a Commissioner for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands under John Cleves Symes, vice W. Gortforth resigned.

Daniel Bissell, of the Indiana Territory, Collector for the District of Massac and Inspector of the Revenue for the port of Massac, vice William Chioles removed.

David Kerr, of the Mississippi Territory, to be judge in that Territory, vice Daniel Felton resigned.

James Anderson, of South Carolina, Commercial Agent for the port of Cette in France.

Isaac Cox Barnet, of New-Jersey, Commercial agent at Antwerp.

Aaron Vale, of New-York, Commercial Agent of the United States at L'Orient in France.

Thomas Lovell, of Boston, Commercial Agent at La Rochelle.

Levett Harris, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Rotterdam.

John Martin Baker, of New-York, Consul for the Island of Minorca, Majorca and Yvica.

Marian Lemar, of Maryland, Consul for the Island of Madeira.

William Patterson, of New York, Commercial Agent at Nantz in France.

William H. Harrison, re-appointed Governor of the Indian Territory, and appointed a commissioner to treat with certain Indians North West of the Ohio.

Thomas T. Davis, of Kentucky, a Judge in the Indiana Territory, vice W. Clarke, deceased.

Jesse Spencer, of Ohio, to be register of the land office at Chillicothe, vice Thomas Worthington resigned.

Isaac Hilly jun. of Massachusetts, Collector of the district of Portland vice Nathaniel T. Folsce removed.

Isaac Dayton of New-York, Surveyor and Inspector of the port of Hudson vice I. C. Ten Broeck removed.

Joel Burt, of New-York, Collector and Inspector for the district and port of Oswego.

Thomas Dudley, of North Carolina, Surveyor for the port of Swanborough vice A. Carmalt deceased.

Charles Willing Bard, of Ohio, to be judge of the District of Ohio.

Michael Baldwin of Ohio, to be Attorney for the same District.

David Zeigler, of Ohio, to be Marshal of the District of Ohio.

Cato West, of the Mississippi Territory, to be Secretary of the Territory, vice John Steele, whose term has expired.

Zachariah Stevens, of Massachusetts, to be Surveyor and Inspector for the port of Gloucester, vice Samuel Whittemore removed.

Joseph Story of do. to be naval officer for the district of Salem and Beverly, vice W. Pickman, removed.

John Heard, of New-Jersey, inspector of the revenue, for the port of Perth Amboy.

William Brewer, of N. Carolina, Surveyor and Inspector for the port of Nixenton, vice Hugh Knox, resigned.

Since the rising of the Senate.

More Browse Trist, Collector for the district of Mississippi, vice John F. Carmichael.

We shall soon have a few words to say about a *secret cut* of two millions of dollars, which are to be employed by Mr. Jefferson and the *Extraordinary* Minister, Monroe, in some nice speculations with a certain Mr. Buonaparte, and from which, it is most philosophically calculated, immense gain, both of interest and honour, will be derived to these United States. It is expected that the success of this speculation will silence forever all the clamour audaciously raised against the present administration for its *economic* disposition, so eminently manifested in the *careful saving* of the people's money.

The motive for *secrecy* in this undertaking, has been to enable the friends of the people to surprise the country, some ten or twelve months hence, when Mr. Monroe shall return, with an account of the eminently profitable expedition, and thus secure to the administration the permanent attachment and confidence of its present supporters, and confound and baffle the exertions of its enemies. This was indeed the plan; but its inventors were so sanguine in the expectation of success, and so pleased with the idea of a permanent establishment of their power and popularity, that it became impossible to persist in their proposed secrecy, but, of their own free will and choice, revealed the whole scheme; and have thus saved the good people of the country from the unhappy effects which might have ensued from a too sudden excitement of wonder and joy.

(Gaz. U. S.)

From the DAILY ADVERTISER.

The dangers of March.

March comes in like a lion, and goes out like a lamb, is a general adage in the middle States of America. My observations for thirty years have found its truth, though with some exceptions. My mind has also been often struck with the remark that many persons suffer severely from inattention to the character of this month. To saunter about in a summer dress, when the furious north west roars, and spits his icy needles thro' our heads, breasts, stomachs, backs, is to run head long into the gap of a famished lion! Many disorders are inevitable consequences: not only pleuresies and acute fevers that may quickly kill, but colds which begin to undermine the constitution, and in one two, or several years finish its ruin. Many ladies have died of a consumption which began on some day in March when though guarding the arms with a muff, they expose a bare bosom to its rude blast.

March often mingles the quality of lion and lamb, and by this cruel fraud becomes the more dangerous. Many of his freaks, have fell under my notice; about the middle of March in 1775, the peach trees were in full bloom; but a dreadful change blasted the spring and suddenly extinguished many human lives. Among the victims was a worthy girl, of a sound though plethoric constitution, aged eighteen, who died on third day of that dangerous inflammatory fever, called in popular language by the wrong name of *head pleuresy*. I attended the funeral, and never shall forget the scenery exhibited by the mourning of her parents and numerous friends, the drooping blossoms of the orchard around the house, the snow upon the frozen ground, and the massive icicles from the eaves.

Such changes are dangerous to all ages, and constitutions. They can in some cases produce bilious, putrid, and even yellow fevers. I am aware of sneers from all the importers of this fiend and even from the greater part of the believers in its domestic origin. But the night is passing, and the fun of science will before long enlighten all parties. In the mean time let me advise in particular all those who are liable to diseases of the stomach, liver, spleen, and intestines to avoid stoppage of the perspiration, and a leucocess in eating and drinking, because the bad humours collected within the body and becoming more acrid by stagnation, may corrupt the blood and inflame the mentioned viscera, cause a mortal flux, or fatal vomitings, both green, coppery and black. In variable climates the diseases of the respective seasons mingle with each other. Our bodily infirmities, like our moral foibles are always in wait for us.

A Swedish Missionary.

Printing in all its variety executed at this office.

Public Sale,

For the benefit of the Underwriters.

Will be added to to-morrow's Sales,

Three bales of India Cottons, damaged on board the sloop *Hyland*, capt. Hand, master.

And immediately after,

Two trunks, consisting of Dimities, Callicoes, Mullins, Kersey-meres, &c. &c.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

March 10.

R. & J. GRAY

Have just received and for sale, at their Book Store in King Street,

(Price 25 cents.)

AN ADDRESS

To the Government of the United States,

ON THE

Cession of Louisiana,

To the French; and on the late breach of Treaty by the Spaniards:

Including the translation of a Memorial on the War of St. Domingo, and Cession of the Mississippi to France, drawn up by a French Counsellor of State.

March 10.

Spanish Hides,

JUST RECEIVED & FOR SALE,

By Roberts & Griffith.

March 10.

2aw4t

JOHN G. LADD

HAS JUST RECEIVED, per the snow *Cornelia*, and offers for sale,

100 pieces Russia Sheetings,
100 do. Ravens Duck,
52 bolts Russia Canvas,
2 bales fine Oznaburgs,
2 do. brown Rolls,
1 do. white do.,
1 box Platillas,
1 do. narrow Linens,
5 ton Russia clean Hemp,
2 do. Cordage assorted,
50 boxes Castile Soap,
100 do. brown Soap,
50 do. Spermaceti Candles,
10 casks Spermaceti Whale Oil,
20 do. Tanners' brown do.,
6 bales of Glue,
16 Feather Beds with Bolsters and Pillows,
10 chests Hyson Tea,
11 hhd. Molasses,
100 casks fresh Lime,
2 bls. and 3 boxes Ladies fine fancy coloured Shoes, very cheap.

March 10.

d

Ferry.

The subscribers beg leave once more to inform the Public, that they have provided good and sufficient BOATS, for the purpose of conveying both men and horses from their FERRY, as established by law, from Alexander's Island, to the Commissioner's Wharf, City of Washington. They hope to meet with encouragement, as it has been a very expensive undertaking; they pledge their words that the public shall meet with no delay, weather permitting.

W. H. WASHINGTON,

PHILIP ALEXANDER.

March 10.

co3t

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

County of Alexandria, ss.

NOVEMBER TERM, 1802.

Alexander & Allison, comp.

against

Jacob Harman & W. Davis,

trading under the Firm of

Harman & Davis, Wm.

Mitchell & Robert Brown

Jameison. detrs.]

This suit abates as to the plaintiff Alexander; and the defendants Harman and Davis, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Harman and Davis are not inhabitants of this district, on motion of said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants, Harman and Davis, do appear here on the first day of June court next, and enter their appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants, Wm. Mitchell and Robert Brown Jameison do not pay away, convey, or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendants Harman and Davis, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively, in one of the public new papers published in this country; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of the said county.]

A copy,

Test,

G. DENFALE,

March 10.

Clk.

FOR SALE,
A LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, about
16 years of age.
Apply to the Printer.
Dec. 18. d

JOHN G. LADD,
Has on hand, at his Ware-House, Prince
Street Wharf, the following articles,
which he offers by wholesale very cheap
for cash or a short credit:

Loaf and brown Sugars,
Havanna white, do.
A few boxes India Sugars,
Coffee and Cotton,
West-India and New-England Rum,
Boston Beef,
Mackarel, Shad and Herrings,
Pickled Codfish, dried,
Mould and dip Candles,
Castile and common Soap,
Cheese,
Seal Leather,
Barr Iron, flat and square,
Cordage, of all sizes, sewing Twine,
Coarse and fine Salt, Salt Petre,
Sweet Oil, Spermaceti do. for lamps, &
Tanners Oil,
Alum, Copperas, and Brimstone,
Gun Powder, Poland Starch,
Pearl ashes, Pepper Cassia,
50 lb. fresh Nutmegs,
A few boxes Olives and Capers,
Writing Paper, and a few Paper Hang-
ings,

Shoes of all sorts,
50 lb. sewing Silks, Window Glass,
Tumblers and other glass ware,
Cotton Yarn, Russia Sheetings,
Revens Duck,
A case Bandanno Handkerchiefs,
A few bales India, do.
Cottons, of different qualities,
A box Irish Linens,
Bed cords, leading lines, &c.
Cotton, Wool, and Playing Cards,
100 boxes Chocolate,
20 casks 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 20d. flat
point nails,
100 tons Plaster Paris,
A few coarse Woolens,
Men's fine and coarse Hats,
Tea Table sets of China,
Some Lyngumvitz,
Holland Gin, of an excellent quality,
A few pipes best Cogniac Brandy,
Cordials in barrels,
Madeira,
Sherry,
Lisbon, } WINES.
Malaga, and best }
Claret }
Raisins in boxes, best Spanish Segars,
Imperial,
Hylon, } TEAS.
Young Hyson, & }
Hyson Shulang }

A few thousand feet of Ash Plank suit-
able for Carriage Makers.
ALSO,

Dearborn's Truly Just Patent Balance,
to weigh with great facility, from ounce
to tons.

N. B. Those gentlemen who bespoke
Balances are now respectfully informed
that they are ready.
Feb. 28. d

Shutz's Circulating Library,
PRINCE STREET,
Opposite Mr. Hodgson's ALEXANDRIA.

A Variety of New Publicati-
ons have lately been added to the Libra-
ry, including some new productions, received by
the late arrivals.

Miscellaneous.
Macartney's Embassy to China, American
Herbal, Locke's Essays, Rousseau's Confessions,
Baron Munchausen, Wieland's Proteus, Tem-
ple of Genius, &c.

Novels and Romances.
Splendid Misery, Raymond and his Three
Wives, Two Emilies, Gothic Ruin, Rosella,
Emeline, Miser and his Family, Janthe, Au-
gusta Deuberg, Emma Derville, Natural Son,
Perplexed Lovers, Anna Somerville, Fitzher-
bert, Rival Mothers, Runaway, Emma Corbett,
Accusing Spirit, Who's the Murderer, Spirit of
the Elbe, My Uncle Thomas, Infernal Quixote,
Richard Coeur de Lion, Eliza Powell, Carpen-
ter's Daughter, Gabrielle, Piche, Leonora, &c.

The Proprietor finds it neces-
sary to request an exact observance of the condi-
tions, particularly those which relate to the loan-
ing or damage of books, or keeping beyond the
time allowed.

Terms as usual.
March 7. 2aw34

To Let,
A 2 story frame HOUSE situate
in Fairfax street, next door to Dr. Ken-
nedy's, lately occupied by Mr. Jenkins.
For terms apply to

GEO. CORYELL.
March 5. eot3

By virtue of a Deed of Trust
from Thomas Fitzpatrick to the sub-
scriber, to secure the payment of a cer-
tain sum of money to John Dunlap and
Samuel Craig, on the first Monday in
April, will be exposed to sale at public
auction, on the premises,
One half Cash and the other half in six
months,

A piece of GROUND lying
upon the north side of Duke street and to the
eastward of St. Alaph street, fronting about 12
feet upon Duke street and running back 100 feet
to a 10 feet alley (subject to an annual ground
rent of sixteen silver dollars) upon which is erect-
ed a frame dwelling house, now in the occupa-
tion of Mr. Christopher Kemp.

THOS. IRWIN.

Also,
On the same day, and on the same terms,
A Lot of Ground situate on
the east side of St. Alaph's street and northward
of Duke street, 22 feet 3 inches front, and 100
feet deep (subject to a ground rent of 25 dollars
per annum) on which is a small frame building
March 7. 2aw

The Ship
Governor Strong,
will sail in 15 days for Fal-
mouth; for passage only (hav-
ing excellent accommodations) apply to
A. HENDERSON & Co.

The Governor Strong is intended to be
an early Fall Ship from Liverpool.
March 8. eot3

For Falmouth & a Market

The American Ship
GEORGE & MARY,
expected here to receive a car-
go of Tobacco in a few days.
The usual advances will be made on con-
signments by this ship to Thomas Mid-
dleton and Co. London; but early ap-
plication must be made, as the greater part
of her cargo is already engaged.

R. T. HOOE, & Co.
Who have just received from Madeira, by
the ship Courier, via Norfolk,

A few pipes London particular
WINE, which they will sell at a low
price.

They have also on hand,
Dry Lisbon and Calcavello
Wines, Raisins in jars and boxes, Al-
monds in bags, and London Porter in
casks.
Jan. 27. eo

J. & JAS. H. TUCKER,
Have for Sale,

14 Hhds. first quality, Muscavado
Sugar,
25 Bbls. do. do.
25 Bags green Coffee,
1200 Bushels coarse Salt,
500 Spanish Hides,
1000 Hanks Seine Twine,
And a general assortment of
GROCERIES.
N. B. Cash given for Indian Corn.
Jan. 31. eo

DENTISTRY.
THE Ladies and Gentlemen of Alex-
andria are respectfully informed, that
T. BRUFF, Dentist,
is preparing to pay them a visit. Those
who wish to employ him are requested to
forward their applications, under seal, to
this office, that he may receive them on
his arrival, and attend the applicants in
their turn. Having settled in Washing-
ington City, he cannot be long absent
from his customers there, and means to at-
tend only such as make timely application.
He will furnish customers with the best
dentifrice and excellent brushes. Those
afflicted with the scurvy, may find speed-
y and permanent relief.
March 1. eot7

Notice.
Will be sold to the highest bidder on the
10th of March next, if fair, if not
the next fair day, at Red Hill, the
Plantation of Geo. Hunter, dec'd.
Fifteen likely NEGROES,
consisting of Men, Lads, Women and
Children, the property of the said de-
ceased, at a credit of nine months; the
purchasers giving bonds and approved se-
curity on the day of sale, at which time
the property will be delivered.

GEORGE BEARD,
Administrator.

Some purchasers at the
last sale of the 29th Nov. not having com-
plied with the terms thereof, the articles
they purchased will again be sold, if not
bonded before the day of this sale.
Fairfax County, Feb. 15. eotds

Cash given for clean lin-
en and cotton rags.

JOSIAH FAXON, & Co.
Have just received, and offer for Sale,
at their store on the corner of Prince
and Water streets,
A general assortment of ladies,
gentlemen, misses, boys and childrens'
SHOES,

of almost every description; large coarse
shoes and boots for fishermen. Also,
Geneva in pipes,
N. E. Rum in bbls.
Mackerel in do.

No. 1 & 2 Beef and Pork, (Boston In-
spection,)

Mould and dip'd Candles,
A few doz. Sitters and Sugar boxes,
N. E. Plank,
Fresh Rhode Island Lime,
James River manufactured Tobacco in
kegs,
James River Coal, suitable for Smith's
work,

Also, on board the sloop Hannah, at Har-
per's Wharf,

A cargo of coarse SALT, suitable for
the fishery. Any gentleman wishing to
purchase, will find an allowance by tak-
ing it from on board.
Cash given for Indian Corn.
March 4. eotf

ADAM LYNN
Has just received,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
Jewelry, plated, Japaned & fancy
GOODS, of a superior quality, and of
the newest Patterns,
CONSISTING OF

Gold Locketts, Rings, Ear-
Rings, Bracelets, Watch Keys, Seals; pear
Rings, Bracelets, &c. plated Urns, Tea
Pots, Castors, Candlesticks, &c. Japaned
Urns; Tea Trays and Bread Baskets;
gilt Necklaces, Broaches, Bracelets, Watch
Keys, Seals, Chains, &c. Knives & Forks,
Penknives, Razors, Scissors; Paints in
boxes; marking Types in boxes complete;
Snuff Boxes; plated & steel Spurs; gold
and silver Epauletts; Lace Cord, Thread,
Spangles, Puris, silver Thimbles, Tooth
Picks & Pencil Cases, with a number of
other articles.

He has also for Sale,
Watchmakers Materials, and
gilt and common Watch Keys, by the
dozen, and Crucibles.

He manufactures, as usual, all kinds of
Gold and Silver Work, to any pattern.
Nov. 21. d3teotf.

For SALE, or RENT,
THE STORE I have occu-
pied for sometime past, situated on Prince
street, opposite Col. Hooe's. There is on
stand in town more eligible or better cal-
culated for carrying on an extensive wet
or dry Good Business. The Cellar per-
fectly dry, with a door at each end, will
hold one thousand barrels of Flour.—
Twenty-five hundred barrels may be flow-
ed upon the Premises without any incon-
venience to the occupant. For terms ap-
ply to

WILLIAM OXLEY.
December 7. eo

NOTICE.
Will positively be Sold, at Public Sale
on the premises, the first day of April
if fair, if not the next fair day there-
after,
A tract of LAND in the coun-
ty of Loudoun, on Goose Creek, near the
Mill formerly owned by Col. Simon Trip-
lett, containing 500 acres, a considerable
part of which is in Wood; formerly the
property of Augustine Love, and by him
conveyed to Alexander Gordon, and by
said Gordon conveyed to the subscribers
for the benefit of his creditors. One fifth
of the purchase money to be paid on the
day of sale, two fifths in twelve months,
and the remaining two fifths in eighteen
months from the day of sale; for which
payments approved security will be re-
quired.

JONAH THOMPSON,
BENJ. COMEGYS,
JACOB HOFFMAN.
Jan. 18. eods

TO LET,
A CONVENIENT
Two Story HOUSE,

With a good Kitchen and Smoke House
adjoining. Also, a Stable for two horses,
&c. &c. with a well improved garden of
half an acre.

The situation is very pleasant, having
a fine prospect of the river. For particu-
lar enquire of the Printer.
Jan. 14. eo

Notice.

ALL persons having claims
against FRANCIS H. ROZER, Esq.
deceased, of Netley Hall, are desired to
bring them in properly authenticated;
and those owing the estate, are requested
to make immediate payment to the sub-
criber, who is authorized to settle the
same.

THOMAS L. WASHINGTON,
Alexandria.

ALSO,
To LEASE or RENT,
(Upon moderate terms,)

Two or three good Fisheries,
on the Maryland side of the Potomac,
between Alexandria and Broad Creek.
Apply as above, or to Benjamin Dulany,
Esq. Bellemont, near the premises.
Feb. 18. eo

VALUABLE PROPERTY,
For Sale or Rent.

THOSE two three story BRICK
HOUSES on the corner of King and Co-
lumbus streets. They will be sold sepa-
rate or together, as may be preferred, or
they may be rented for one or more years;
Apply to

THOMAS PATTEN.
D. c. 29. eo

William Hartthorne
HAS FOR SALE,

A HOUSE & LOT on Wa-
ter street, adjoining on the North side of
Major Muncaster's; a LOT on the cor-
ner of Fairfax and Wilkes' street, near
which is a pump from which good water is
had. Also, three LOTS on Prince street,
joining Stewart's cabinet work-shop. For
this property Marine Shares at par will be
taken.

About 100 bushels good Oats
Seed, for Cash, may be had at his Mill.
For Sale or Rent.

A BRICK HOUSE next
door to Bennett and Watts' in King street.
Possession may be had on the first of the
5th Month next.
2d mo. 12. eo

Notice.
The subscribers being appoint-
ed assignees of the estate and effects of
ISAAC M'PHERSON, late of Prince
William County, a Bankrupt, give no-
tice, to all persons indebted to the said
Isaac M'Pheron, or who have any of his
effects, not to pay or deliver the same to
any person, other than the subscribers, or
such as shall be duly authorized by them.

BENJAMIN BOTTS,
TIMOTHY BRUNDIGE.
Dumfries, March 2. eot2

Dividend.
The Commissioners named and
authorized in and by a commission of bank-
ruptcy, awarded and issued forth against
James Gillies, of the town of Alexandria,
intend to meet on Monday the 18th day
of April next at 3 o'clock in the after-
noon at the House of Peter Heiskell in
said Town, in order to make a Dividend
of the Estate and effects of the said
Bankrupt, when and where the creditors,
who have not already proved their debts
under the said Commission, are hereby re-
quired to come prepared to prove the same
or they will be excluded the benefit of the
said Dividend.

JOHN M'IVER, Assignee.
March 3. 2aw 10L

Tan Bark Wanted.

THE subscribers want to pur-
chase a large quantity of Tan Bark, for
which they will give a generous price, if
delivered in good order.

EZRA KINSEY and Co.
AND
ISAAC SHREVE.
FOR SALE,

Spanish Hides, Tanners' Oil
and Hatters' Wool.
EZRA KINSEY and Co.
Feb. 5. 1aw8L

To Rent,
For one or more Years,

A STORE HOUSE situated
at Fairfax Court House, which, from the
great resort of people, is thought to be a
very good stand for a Retail Store. For
terms apply to Mr. John Ratcliff, living
at the place, or the subscriber.
RICHD. RATCLIFF.
Feb. 2. 2aw

PRINTED DAILY BY
S. S. SNOWDEN.

AN

Vol. 111.]

Sales by

On SAT

At 10 o'clock, will be
Store, the corner
streets.

Rum in hhd.

Whiskey in barre

Apple Brandy in

Gin in casks,

Wine in pipes and

Molasses in hhd.

Sugar in hhd. and

White and brown

Coffee in casks and

Raisins in kegs and

Queen's Ware, and

A variety of D

—AMONG W

Broad Cloths,

Cassimeres,

Kerseys,

Coatings,

Halfstiches,

Fearnought,

Blankets,

Planes,

Negro Cottons,

Worsted and other

Stockings,

THOS. PATT

March 9.

Public

On TUE

At 10 o'clock, will be

Store

Rum in hoghe

French Brandy in pi

Gin in pipes and bl

Whiskey and Apple

Sugar in hhd. tierce

Coffee in tierces and

Chocolate

White and brown S

Mould and dip'd C

Raisins in kegs, box

Figs in kegs and fra

Queens Ware in cra

FURNITU

A L

A variety of D

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